Package 'tardis'

November 28, 2025

```
Title Text Analysis with Rules and Dictionaries for Inferring
     Sentiment
Version 0.1.5
Description Measure text's sentiment with dictionaries and simple rules covering
     negations and modifiers. User-supplied dictionaries are supported, including
     Unicode emojis and multi-word tokens, so this package can also be used to
     study constructs beyond sentiment.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
Imports dplyr, magrittr, purrr, rlang, stringi, stringr, tidyr
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BugReports https://github.com/chris31415926535/tardis/issues
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dict_modifiers		Modif	ier a	lict	ion	ary	·.											

Description

A tbl_df with two columns: token and score, identifying the tokens that increase or decrease other words' sentiments, and the percentage by which they do so.

Usage

dict_modifiers

Format

An object of class spec_tbl_df (inherits from tbl_df, tbl, data.frame) with 87 rows and 2 columns.

Details

Derived originally from the VADER dictionary, but modified.

Source

https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=vader

dict_negations

Negation dictionary.

Description

A tbl_df with one column: token.

Usage

dict_negations

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Format

An object of class spec_tbl_df (inherits from tbl_df, tbl, data.frame) with 38 rows and 1 columns.

Details

Can include apostrophes or not, but they're removed in processing so there's no need to include *both* words with and without apostrophes.

Derived originally from the VADER dictionary, but modified.

Source

https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=vader

dict_tardis_sentiment Sentiment dictionary for TARDIS package.

Description

Combines VADER and emoji dictionaries.

Usage

dict_tardis_sentiment

Format

An object of class spec_tbl_df (inherits from tbl_df, tbl, data.frame) with 7653 rows and 2 columns.

tardis

Text Analysis with Rules and Dictionaries for Inferring Sentiment (TARDIS)

Description

This function uses dictionaries (either the included defaults or user-supplied) custom dictionaries) and simple rules to measure the sentiment of supplied text. "Sentiment" means roughly the emotion expressed in the text, where emotions are collapsed into positive (e.g. happy) or negative (e.g. sad, angry).

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Usage

```
tardis(
  input_text = c("I am happy.", "I am VERY happy!!", ":)", "Not sad.", "Bad.",
    "Not bad.", "A happy sentence! And a sad one. In the same text."),
  text_column = NA,
  dict_sentiments = NA,
  dict_modifiers = NA,
  dict_negations = NA,
  sigmoid_factor = 15,
  negation_factor = 0.75,
 allcaps_factor = 1.25,
  punctuation_factor = 1.15,
  use_punctuation = TRUE,
  summary_function = c("mean", "median", "max", "min", "sum"),
  simple_count = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input_text Text to analyze, either a character vector or a data.frame with a column of text.

text_column If using data.frame input, the name of the column of text to analyze.

dict_sentiments

Optional sentiment dictionary, defaults to internal tardis dictionary. A data.frame with two columns: word and value.

dict_modifiers Optional modifiers dictionary, or "none" to disable modifiers. Defaults to internal tardis dictionary. A data frame with two columns: word and value.

dict_negations Optional negation dictionary, or "none" to disable negations. Defaults to internal tardis dictionary. A data.frame with one column: word.

sigmoid_factor Numeric, default 15. Factor for scaling sentence scores to -1/+1 using a sigmoid function. Set to NA to disable the sigmoid function and just return sums of scores, adjusted by any applicable negators, modifiers, or punctuation/caps effects.

negation_factor

Numeric, default 0.75. Multiplier for damping effects of sentiment-bearing terms after negations. Stacks multiplicatively. Should probably be less than 1.

allcaps_factor Numeric, default 1.25. Multiplier for scaling effects of of sentiment-bearing terms in ALL CAPS. Should probably be more than 1, to increase effects.

punctuation_factor

Numeric, default 1.15. Multiplier for scaling effects of punctuation. A single question mark has no effect, but one or more exclamation marks does, and question marks have effects in the presence of exclamation marks, up to three punctuation marks total.

use_punctuation

Boolean, default TRUE. Should we consider sentence-level punctuation?

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summary_function

For multi-sentence texts, how should we summarise sentence scores into a text

score? Default "mean", also accepts "median", "max", "min", and "sum".

simple_count Boolean, default FALSE. Convenience parameter that overrides many other pa-

rameters to enable simple counts of dictionary words: no modifiers, negations, capitalization, or punctuation effects are considered and no sigmoid function is

applied.

verbose For debugging–should it print lots of messages to the console?

Details

Roughly, each word's sentiment is a property of its dictionary-given sentiment, whether it's written in all-caps or not, and the three preceding words. A preceding negation (e.g. "not") will reverse and reduce the sentiment-turning a positive into a slightly less extreme negative, or vice-versa—and a preceding modifier can either increase/decrease the sentiment (e.g. "very" will increase it, "somewhat" will decrease it).

Sentences are scored based on their words and the presence of exclamation or question marks.

If a supplied text string has more than one sentence, this function will also return the mean, standard deviation, and range of sentiments expressed in its sentences. The rationale is that it doesn't make sense to apply sentence-level analysis to paragraphs, especially for online communications where people can use quick swings in sentiment to express irony.

Input can be supplied in a data.frame or character vector.

Value

A tbl_df with one row for each input text and three new columns: sentiment_mean: the average sentiment for each sentence in each text. sentiment_sd: the standard deviation of sentence sentiments for each text. sentiment_range: the range of sentence sentiments for each text.

tardis_multidict

Analyze text with more than one dictionary

Description

This convenience function takes a text and a set of dictionaries, and calls tardis::tardis() once for each dictionary. Other parameters are also passed along to tardis().

Usage

```
tardis_multidict(input_text, text_column = NA, dictionaries, ...)
```

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Arguments

Details

Dictionaries must be in a single tbl_df with at least two columns: token, containing the tokens belonging to each dictionary; and dictionary, which contains a unique identifier mapping each token to a dictionary. Weights, if present, must be in a column named score.

Tokens can be mapped to multiple dictionaries, but each row maps one token to one dictionary.

Value

A tbl_df with new columns for each dictionary.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(magrittr)
# Get NRC emotions dataset from textdata package
nrc_emotion <- textdata::lexicon_nrc() %>%
    dplyr::rename(token = word, dictionary = sentiment) %>%
    dplyr::mutate(score = 1)

# set up some input text
text <- dplyr::tibble(body = c("I am so angry!", "I am angry.",
    "I'm not angry.", "Your mother and I aren't angry, we're just disappointed."))
emotions <- tardis_multidict(input_text = text, text_column = "body",
    dictionaries = nrc_emotion) %>%
    dplyr::select(body, score_anger, score_sadness)
emotions

## End(Not run)
```

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