Package 'duckdb'

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Title DBI Package for the DuckDB Database Management System

Version 1.1.1

Description The DuckDB project is an embedded analytical data management
system with support for the Structured Query Language (SQL). This
package includes all of DuckDB and an R Database Interface (DBI)
connector.

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URL https://r.duckdb.org/, https://github.com/duckdb/duckdb-r

BugReports https://github.com/duckdb/duckdb-r/issues

Depends DBI, R (>= 3.6.0)

Imports methods, utils

Suggests adbcdrivermanager, arrow (>= 13.0.0), bit64, callr, clock,
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backend-duckdb	*DuckDB SQL backend for dbplyr*

Description

This is a SQL backend for dbplyr tailored to take into account DuckDB's possibilities. This mainly follows the backend for PostgreSQL, but contains more mapped functions.

`tbl_file()` is an experimental variant of [`dplyr::tbl()`](dplyr::tbl()) to directly access files on disk. It is safer than dplyr::tbl() because there is no risk of misinterpreting the request, and paths with special characters are supported.

`tbl_function()` is an experimental variant of [`dplyr::tbl()`](dplyr::tbl()) to create a lazy table from a table-generating function, useful for reading nonstandard CSV files or other data sources. It is safer than dplyr::tbl() because there is no risk of misinterpreting the query. See https://duckdb.org/docs/data/overview for details on data importing functions.

As an alternative, use dplyr::tbl(src, dplyr::sql("SELECT ... FROM ...")) for custom SQL queries.

tbl_query() is deprecated in favor of tbl_function().

Use simulate_duckdb() with lazy_frame() to see simulated SQL without opening a DuckDB connection.

Usage

```
tbl_file(src, path, ..., cache = FALSE)

tbl_function(src, query, ..., cache = FALSE)

tbl_query(src, query, ...)

simulate_duckdb(...)
```

Arguments

src	A duckdb connection object
path	Path to existing Parquet, CSV or JSON file
...	Any parameters to be forwarded
cache	Enable object cache for Parquet files
query	SQL code, omitting the FROM clause

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
con <- DBI::dbConnect(duckdb(), path = ":memory:")

db <- copy_to(con, data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[2:4]))

db %>%
  filter(a > 1) %>%
  select(b)

path <- tempfile(fileext = ".csv")
write.csv(data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[2:4]))

db_csv <- tbl_file(con, path)
db_csv %>%
  summarize(sum_a = sum(a))

db_csv_fun <- tbl_function(con, paste0("read_csv_auto('", path, "')"))
db_csv %>%
  count()

DBI::dbDisconnect(con, shutdown = TRUE)
```

Description

duckdb() creates or reuses a database instance.

duckdb_shutdown() shuts down a database instance.

Return an [adbcdrivermanager::adbc_driver()](#) for use with Arrow Database Connectivity via
the adbcdrivermanager package.

dbConnect() connects to a database instance.

dbDisconnect() closes a DuckDB database connection. The associated DuckDB database in-
stance is shut down automatically, it is no longer necessary to set shutdown = TRUE or to call
duckdb_shutdown().

Usage

```
duckdb(
  dbdir = DBDIR_MEMORY,
  read_only = FALSE,
  bigint = "numeric",
  config = list()
)

duckdb_shutdown(drv)

duckdb_adbc()

## S4 method for signature 'duckdb_driver'
dbConnect(
  drv,
  dbdir = DBDIR_MEMORY,
  ...,
  debug = getOption("duckdb.debug", FALSE),
  read_only = FALSE,
  timezone_out = "UTC",
  tz_out_convert = c("with", "force"),
  config = list(),
  bigint = "numeric"
)

## S4 method for signature 'duckdb_connection'
dbDisconnect(conn, ..., shutdown = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dbdir   Location for database files. Should be a path to an existing directory in the file
                    system. With the default (or ""), all data is kept in RAM.

read_only	Set to TRUE for read-only operation. For file-based databases, this is only applied when the database file is opened for the first time. Subsequent connections (via the same drv object or a drv object pointing to the same path) will silently ignore this flag.
bigint	How 64-bit integers should be returned. There are two options: "numeric" and "integer64". If "numeric" is selected, bigint integers will be treated as double/numeric. If "integer64" is selected, bigint integers will be set to bit64 encoding.
config	Named list with DuckDB configuration flags, see https://duckdb.org/docs/configuration/overview#configuration-reference for the possible options. These flags are only applied when the database object is instantiated. Subsequent connections will silently ignore these flags.
drv	Object returned by duckdb()
...	Ignored
debug	Print additional debug information such as queries
timezone_out	The time zone returned to R, defaults to "UTC", which is currently the only timezone supported by duckdb. If you want to display datetime values in the local timezone, set to Sys.timezone() or "".
tz_out_convert	How to convert timestamp columns to the timezone specified in timezone_out. There are two options: "with", and "force". If "with" is chosen, the timestamp will be returned as it would appear in the specified time zone. If "force" is chosen, the timestamp will have the same clock time as the timestamp in the database, but with the new time zone.
conn	A duckdb_connection object
shutdown	Unused. The database instance is shut down automatically.

Value

duckdb() returns an object of class duckdb_driver.

dbDisconnect() and duckdb_shutdown() are called for their side effect.

An object of class "adbc_driver"

dbConnect() returns an object of class duckdb_connection.

Examples

```
library(adbcdrivermanager)
with_adbc(db <- adbc_database_init(duckdb_adbc()), {
  as.data.frame(read_adbc(db, "SELECT 1 as one;"))
})

drv <- duckdb()
con <- dbConnect(drv)

dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT 'Hello, world!'")

dbDisconnect(con)
```

```
duckdb_shutdown(drv)

# Shorter:
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT 'Hello, world!'")
dbDisconnect(con, shutdown = TRUE)
```

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duckdb_explain-class   *DuckDB EXPLAIN query tree*

Description

DuckDB EXPLAIN query tree

---

duckdb_get_substrait   *Get the Substrait plan for a SQL query Transforms a SQL query into*
                         a raw vector containing the serialized Substrait query blob

---

Description

Get the Substrait plan for a SQL query Transforms a SQL query into a raw vector containing the serialized Substrait query blob

Usage

```
duckdb_get_substrait(conn, query, enable_optimizer = TRUE)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
query	The query string in SQL
enable_optimizer	
	Optional parameter to enable/disable query-optimizer. By default optimizer is enabled.

Value

A raw vector containing the substrait protobuf blob

---

duckdb_get_substrait_json

> *Get the Substrait plan for a SQL query in the JSON format Transforms a SQL query into a vector containing the serialized Substrait query JSON*

Description

Get the Substrait plan for a SQL query in the JSON format Transforms a SQL query into a vector containing the serialized Substrait query JSON

Usage

```
duckdb_get_substrait_json(conn, query, enable_optimizer = TRUE)
```

Arguments

conn   A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().

query   The query string in SQL

enable_optimizer

> Optional parameter to enable/disable query-optimizer. By default optimizer is enabled.

Value

A vector containing the substrait protobuf JSON

---

duckdb_prepare_substrait

> *Query DuckDB using Substrait Method for interpreting a Substrait BLOB plan as a DuckDB Query Plan It interprets and executes the query.*

Description

Query DuckDB using Substrait Method for interpreting a Substrait BLOB plan as a DuckDB Query Plan It interprets and executes the query.

Usage

```
duckdb_prepare_substrait(conn, query, arrow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
query	The Protobuf-encoded Substrait Query Plan. Qack!
arrow	Whether the result should be in Arrow format

Value

A DuckDB Query Result

---

duckdb_prepare_substrait_json

> *Query DuckDB using Substrait Method for interpreting a Substrait JSON plan as a DuckDB Query Plan It interprets and executes the query.*

Description

Query DuckDB using Substrait Method for interpreting a Substrait JSON plan as a DuckDB Query Plan It interprets and executes the query.

Usage

```
duckdb_prepare_substrait_json(conn, json, arrow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
json	The Json Query Plan. Qack!
arrow	Whether the result should be in Arrow format

Value

A DuckDB Query Result

---

duckdb_read_csv *Reads a CSV file into DuckDB*

Description

Directly reads a CSV file into DuckDB, tries to detect and create the correct schema for it. This usually is much faster than reading the data into R and writing it to DuckDB.

Usage

```
duckdb_read_csv(
  conn,
  name,
  files,
  ...,
  header = TRUE,
  na.strings = "",
  nrow.check = 500,
  delim = ",",
  quote = "\"",
  col.names = NULL,
  lower.case.names = FALSE,
  sep = delim,
  transaction = TRUE,
  temporary = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
name	The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered
files	One or more CSV file names, should all have the same structure though
...	Reserved for future extensions, must be empty.
header	Whether or not the CSV files have a separate header in the first line
na.strings	Which strings in the CSV files should be considered to be NULL
nrow.check	How many rows should be read from the CSV file to figure out data types
delim	Which field separator should be used
quote	Which quote character is used for columns in the CSV file
col.names	Override the detected or generated column names
lower.case.names	Transform column names to lower case
sep	Alias for delim for compatibility
transaction	Should a transaction be used for the entire operation
temporary	Set to TRUE to create a temporary table

Value

The number of rows in the resulted table, invisibly.

Examples

```
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())

data <- data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[1:3])
path <- tempfile(fileext = ".csv")

write.csv(data, path, row.names = FALSE)

duckdb_read_csv(con, "data", path)
dbReadTable(con, "data")

dbDisconnect(con)
```

---

duckdb_register   *Register a data frame as a virtual table*

Description

duckdb_register() registers a data frame as a virtual table (view) in a DuckDB connection. No data is copied.

Usage

```
duckdb_register(conn, name, df, overwrite = FALSE, experimental = FALSE)

duckdb_unregister(conn, name)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
name	The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered
df	A data.frame with the data for the virtual table
overwrite	Should an existing registration be overwritten?
experimental	Enable experimental optimizations

Details

duckdb_unregister() unregisters a previously registered data frame.

Value

These functions are called for their side effect.

Examples

```
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())

data <- data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[1:3])

duckdb_register(con, "data", data)
dbReadTable(con, "data")

duckdb_unregister(con, "data")

dbDisconnect(con)
```

---

duckdb_register_arrow   *Register an Arrow data source as a virtual table*

Description

duckdb_register_arrow() registers an Arrow data source as a virtual table (view) in a DuckDB connection. No data is copied.

Usage

```
duckdb_register_arrow(conn, name, arrow_scannable, use_async = NULL)

duckdb_unregister_arrow(conn, name)

duckdb_list_arrow(conn)
```

Arguments

conn	A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect().
name	The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered
arrow_scannable	
	A scannable Arrow-object
use_async	Switched to the asynchronous scanner. (deprecated)

Details

duckdb_unregister_arrow() unregisters a previously registered data frame.

Value

These functions are called for their side effect.

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